# **Course Outcomes – Program Outcomes (COPO) Mapping**

#### Program Outcomes (PO): B.Sc (H) Chemistry

# Undergraduate Curriculum Framework (UGCF)

# National Education Policy (NEP)

The Preamble of the Undergraduate Curriculum Framework-2022 underlines the historical perspective, philosophical basis, and contemporary realities of higher education as enshrined in the National Education Policy 2020 and endeavours to synchronize these cornerstones while charting the road ahead for the state of higher education.

# **ABBREVIATIONS / NOMENCLATURE**

Sno.	Nomenclature	Description	Aggregate Courses
1	PO	Program Outcome	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5
2	СО	Course Outcome	CO1, CO2, CO3,
			CO9
3	DSC	Core Courses	DSC1, DSC2, DSC3,
			DSC12
4	DSE	Discipline Specific	DSE1, DSE2
		Electives	
5	GE	General Electives	GE1, GE2, GE3, GE4

# Program Outcomes (PO): B.Sc(H) Chemistry

# UGCF (NEP)

S. No.	Program Outcomes	
	(PO): B.Sc (H) Chemistry	Statements
1.	PO1	Knowledge: Students acquire theoretical knowledge and understanding of the fundamental concepts, principles and processes in main branches of chemistry, namely, organic chemistry, inorganic chemistry, physical chemistry, analytical chemistry and biochemistry. In depth understanding is the outcome of transactional effectiveness and treatment of specialized course contents. Width results from the choice of electives that students are offered.
2.	PO2	Laboratory Skills: A much valued learning outcome of this programme is the laboratory skills that students develop during the course. Quantitative techniques gained through hands on methods opens choice of joining the industrial laboratory work force early on. The programme also provides ample training in handling basic chemical laboratory instruments and their use in analytical and biochemical determinations. Undergraduates on completion of this programme can cross branches to join analytical, pharmaceutical, material testing and biochemical labs besides standard chemical laboratories.
3.	PO3	Communication: Communication is a highly desirable attribute to possess. Opportunities to enhance students' ability to write methodical, logical and precise reports are inherent to the structure of the programme. Techniques that effectively communicate scientific chemical content to large audiences are acquired through oral and poster presentations and regular laboratory report writing.
4	PO4	Capacity Enhancement: Modern day scientific environment requires students to possess ability to think independently as well as be able to work productively in groups. This requires some degree of balancing. The chemistry honours programme course is designed to take care of this important aspect of student development through effective teaching learning process.
5	PO5	Portable Skills: Besides communication skills, the programme develops a range of portable or transferable skills in students that they can carry with them to their new work environment after completion of chemistry honours programme. These are problem solving, numeracy and mathematical skills- error analysis, units

and conversions, information retrieval skills, IT skills
and organizational skills. These are valued across work
environments

# Course Outcomes (CO): B.Sc (H) Chemistry

SEMESTER 1:						
	<b>DSC1: ATOMIC STRUCTURE &amp; CHEMICAL BONDING</b>					
Unique Paper Code	Name of the Paper	Course Outcome: CO	Statement			
2172011101	Atomic Structure & Chemical Bonding (DSC1: Inorganic Chemistry -I)	CO1	The course enables the students to solve the conceptual questions using the knowledge gained by studying the quantum mechanical model of the atom, quantum numbers, electronic configuration, radial and angular distribution curves, shapes of s, p and d orbitals, and periodicity in atomic radii, ionic radii, ionization enthalpy and electron affinity of elements.			
		CO2	The students can draw the plausible structures and geometries of molecules using radius ratio rules, VSEPR theory and MO diagrams (homo- & hetero-nuclear diatomic molecules).			
		CO3	The students understand the concept of lattice energy using Born-Landé and Kapustinskii equation.			
		CO4	They are able to calibrate the apparatus used in titrimetric analysis and prepare standard solutions for titration			
		CO5	They understand the theory and application of various acid-base & redox titrations.			
		CO6	They can comprehend the theory of acid-base indicators			
	DSC2:	ORGANIO	C CHEMISTRY - I			
2172011102	Basic Concepts and Aliphatic Hydrocarbons	CO1	The students understand and explain the electronic displacements and reactive intermediates and their applications in basic concepts			

	CO2	They can formulate the mechanistic route of
		organic reactions by recalling and
		correlating the fundamental concepts.
	CO3	They are able to identify and comprehend
		mechanism for free radical substitution,
		electrophilic addition, nucleophilic
		substitution and elimination reactions.
	CO4	They understand the fundamental concepts
		of stereochemistry.
	CO5	They understand and suitably use the
		chemistry of hydrocarbons

## DSC3: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY – I

		CO1	By the end of this course, the students are
			able to derive mathematical expressions for
2172011103	Gaseous and		different properties of gas and liquid and
	Liquid state		understand their physical significance.
		CO2	They can apply the concepts of gas
			equations and liquids while studying other
			chemistry courses and every-day life.
		CO3	They can handle stalagmometer and
			Ostwald viscometer properly.
		CO4	They can determine the density of aqueous
			solutions.
		CO5	They can dilute the given solutions as per
			required concentrations.
		CO6	They learn data reduction using numerical
			and graphical methods.

# GE-1 (FOR HONOURS): ATOMIC STRUCTURE AND CHEMICAL BONDING

2174001001	Atomic Structure and Chemical Bonding	CO1 CO2	<ul> <li>The students are able to solve the conceptual questions using the knowledge gained by studying the quantum mechanical model of the atom, quantum numbers, electronic configuration, radial and angular distribution curves, and shapes of s, p, and d orbitals.</li> <li>Understand the concept of lattice energy and solvation energy.</li> </ul>
		CO3	Draw the plausible structures and geometries of molecules using radius ratio rules, VSEPR theory and MO diagrams (homo- & hetero-nuclear diatomic molecules).

	SEMESTER I: COPO MAPPING					
Papers	Program Outcome : PO					
	Course Outcome: CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
	CO1	√				$\checkmark$
DSC1	CO2					$\checkmark$
	CO3	$\checkmark$				
	CO4		$\checkmark$			
	CO5	$\checkmark$				
	CO6			$\checkmark$		
	CO1	$\checkmark$				
Daga	CO2	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$
DSC2	CO3			$\checkmark$		
	CO4	$\checkmark$				
	CO5					$\checkmark$
DSC3	CO1	$\checkmark$				
	CO2					$\checkmark$
	CO3		$\checkmark$			
	CO4					$\checkmark$
	CO5		$\checkmark$			
	CO6	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$
GE1	CO1	$\checkmark$				
	CO2	$\checkmark$				
	CO3					$\checkmark$

#### **SEMESTER 2:**

# **DSC4:** CHEMISTRY OF S- AND P-BLOCK ELEMENTS

Unique Paper Code	Name of the Paper	Course Outcome: CO	Statement
2172011201	Chemistry of s- and p- block elements	CO1	The students learn the fundamental principles of metallurgy and understand the importance of recovery of by-products during extraction.

CO2	They understand applications of
	thermodynamic concepts like that of Gibbs
	energy and entropy to the principles of
	extraction of metals.
CO3	Learn about the characteristics of s- and p-
	block elements as well as the synthesis,
	structure, bonding and uses of their
	compounds.
CO4	Understand the concept and use of internal
	and external redox indicators
CO5	Comprehend the theory and application of
	iodometric and iodimetric titrimetric analysis

#### DSC5: HALOALKANES, ARENES, HALOARENES, ALCOHOLS, PHENOLS, ETHERS AND EPOXIDES

2172011202	Haloalkanes,	CO1	The students understand reactions of arenes,
	Arenes,		haloarenes and some oxygen containing
	Haloarenes,		functional groups.
	Alcohols,	CO2	Understand the concept of protection and
	Phenols, Ethers		deprotection
	and Epoxides	CO3	They use the synthetic chemistry learnt in
			this course to do functional group
			transformations.
		CO4	They are able to propose plausible
			mechanisms for the reactions under study

#### **DSC6: THERMODYNAMICS AND ITS APPLICATIONS**

2172011203	Thermodynamics and its Applications	CO1	The students understand the three laws of thermodynamics, concept of State and Path functions, extensive and intensive properties.
		CO2	They are able to derive the expressions of $\Delta U$ , $\Delta H$ , $\Delta S$ , $\Delta G$ , $\Delta A$ for an ideal gas under different conditions.
		CO3	They can explain the concept of partial molar properties.

#### **GE-2 (FOR HONOURS):**

# CHEMICAL KINETICS AND PHOTOCHEMISTRY

CO1	Students understand the concept of rate of a
	reaction, order and molecularity of a

2174001207	4001207 Chemical Kinetics and Photochemistry		reaction, various factors affecting the rate and theories of reaction rates.
		CO2	Students are able to apply the learnt concepts in studying the reaction kinetics of various reactions.
	CO3	Understand the basic concepts of photochemistry, photochemical and photosensitized reactions and their role in biochemical systems.	

		SEMESTER II: COPO MAPPING					
Papers	Program Outcome : PO						
	Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	
	Outcome:						
	CO						
	CO1	✓					
DSC4	CO2	$\checkmark$					
	CO3	$\checkmark$					
	CO4	$\checkmark$					
	CO5		$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$	
	CO1	$\checkmark$					
Daar	CO2	$\checkmark$					
DSC5	CO3			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
	CO4					$\checkmark$	
	CO1	$\checkmark$					
Dage	CO2	$\checkmark$					
DSC6	CO3			$\checkmark$			
	CO1	$\checkmark$					
GE2	CO2					$\checkmark$	
	CO3	$\checkmark$					

## **SEMESTER 3:**

### DSC7: CHEMISTRY OF D- AND F-BLOCK ELEMENTS & QUANTITATIVE INORGANIC ANALYSIS

Unique Paper Code	Name of the Paper	Course Outcome: CO	Statement
2172012301	Chemistry of d- and f- block Elements &	CO1	The course enables students to list the important properties of transition metals, lanthanoids and actinoids.

Quantitative	CO2	Use Latimer diagrams to predict and identify
Inorganic		species which are reducing, oxidizing and
Analysis		tend to disproportionate and calculate skip
		step potentials.
	CO3	Describe the classification, structure and
		applications of Inorganic Polymers.
	CO4	List and use the principles of gravimetric
		analysis for quantitative analysis

### DSC8: CARBONYLS, CARBOXYLIC ACIDS, AMINES, NITRO COMPOUNDS, NITRILES, ISONITRILES AND DIAZONIUM SALTS

2172012302	Carbonyls,	CO1	The students can explain the chemistry of
	Carboxylic acids,		oxygen and nitrogen containing compounds.
	Amines, Nitro	CO2	Use the synthetic chemistry learnt in this
	compounds,		course to do functional group
	Nitriles,		transformations.
	Isonitriles and	CO3	Propose plausible mechanisms for the
	Diazonium salts		reactions under study.

### DSC9: CHEMICAL EQUILIBRIUM, IONIC EQUILIBRIUM, CONDUCTANCE AND SOLID STATE

2172012303	Chemical equilibrium, Ionic	CO1	The students will be able to apply the concept of equilibrium to various physical and chemical processes.
equilibrium, conductance and	CO2	Derive and express the equilibrium constant for various reactions at equilibrium.	
	solid state	CO3	Use Le Chatelier's principle to predict the thermodynamic conditions required to get maximum yield of a reaction
		CO4	Apply the concept of equilibrium to various ionic reactions.
		CO5	List different types of electrolytes and their properties related to conductance in aqueous solutions.
		CO6	Use conductance measurements for calculating many properties of the electrolytes.
		CO7	Prepare buffer solutions of appropriate pH.
		CO8	Explain the crystal properties and predict the crystal structures of cubic systems form the XRD.
		CO9	Use the instruments like pH-meter and conductivity meters.

### DSE 1 (FOR HONOURS):

#### INORGANIC MATERIALS OF INDUSTRIAL IMPORTANCE

2173012002	Inorganic materials of	CO1	The students will be able to state the composition and applications of the
	industrial		different kinds of glass.
	importance	CO2	State the composition of cement and discuss
			the mechanism of setting of cement.
		CO3	Defend the suitability of fertilizers for
			different kinds of crops and soil.
		CO4	Explain the process of formulation of paints
			and the basic principle behind the protection
			offered by the surface coatings.
		CO5	Describe the principle, working and
			applications of different batteries.
		CO6	Evaluate the synthesis and properties of
			nano-dimensional materials, various
			semiconductor and superconductor oxides.

## GE 3 (FOR HONOURS): BASIC CONCEPTS OF ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

2174001002	Basic Concepts of Organic Chemistry	CO1	The students will be able to understand and explain the differential behavior of organic compounds based on fundamental concepts learnt.
		CO2	Formulate the mechanism of organic reactions by recalling and correlating the fundamental properties of the reactants involved.
		CO3	Learn and identify many organic reaction mechanisms including free radical substitution, electrophilic addition and electrophilic aromatic substitution.
		CO4	Differentiate between various types of organic reactions possible on the basis of reaction conditions.

	SEMESTER III: COPO MAPPING						
Papers	Program Outcome : PO						
	Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	
	Outcome:						
	CO						
DSC7	<u> </u>	•					
DSC/	CO2					$\checkmark$	
	<u>CO3</u>	~					
	C04			$\checkmark$			
	CO1	$\checkmark$					
	CO2					$\checkmark$	
DSCo	CO3			$\checkmark$			
DSC9	CO1					$\checkmark$	
	CO2	$\checkmark$					
	CO3			$\checkmark$			
	CO4					$\checkmark$	
	CO5	$\checkmark$					
	CO6					$\checkmark$	
	CO7		$\checkmark$				
	CO8			$\checkmark$			
	CO9		$\checkmark$				
DSE1	CO1	$\checkmark$					
	CO2	$\checkmark$					
	CO3				$\checkmark$		
	CO4			$\checkmark$			
	CO5			$\checkmark$			
	CO6					$\checkmark$	
	CO1	$\checkmark$					
GE3	CO2				$\checkmark$		
	CO3	$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$		
	CO4				$\checkmark$		

SEMESTER 4:					
DSC10: COORDINATION CHEMISTRY AND REACTION MECHANISM					
Unique Paper Code	Name of the Paper	Course Outcome: CO	Statement		
2172012401	Coordination Chemistry and	CO1	The students will be able to explain the terms- ligand, denticity of ligands, chelate.		

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Reaction Mechanism		coordination number and use standard rules to name coordination compounds.
	CO2	Discuss the various types of isomerism possible in such compounds.
	CO3	Use Valence Bond Theory to predict the structure and magnetic behaviour of metal complexes and understand the terms inner and outer orbital complexes.
	CO4	Explain the meaning of the terms $\Delta o$ , $\Delta t$ , pairing energy, CFSE, high spin and low spin complexes and how CFSE affects thermodynamic properties like lattice enthalpy and hydration enthalpy.
	CO5	Explain magnetic properties and colour of complexes on the basis of Crystal Field Theory.
	CO6	Explain the reaction mechanism of coordination compounds and differentiate between kinetic and thermodynamic stability.

# DSC11: CARBOHYDRATES, LIPIDS AND HETEROCYCLIC COMPOUNDS

2172012402	Carbohydrates, Lipids and Heterocyclic	CO1	The students will be able to describe uses and applications of carbohydrates, lipids and heterocycles.
	Compounds	CO2	Use the knowledge gained from study of carbohydrates, lipids and heterocycles to propose greener and better synthetic routes.
		CO3	Use the chemistry and biology of carbohydrates, lipids and heterocycles to better serve the mankind.

### DSC12: ELECTROCHEMICAL CELLS, CHEMICAL KINETICS AND CATALYSIS

2172012403 Electrochemical Cells, Chemical Kinetics and		CO1	The students will be able to explain the working of electrochemical cells and different types of galvanic cell.
	Catalysis	CO2	Devise a spontaneous galvanic cell using various combinations of half-cells.

		CO3	Understand the concept of concentration cell		
		CO4	Use the appropriate galvanic cell to measure pH, calculate thermodynamic parameters and perform potentiometric titrations		
		CO5	Write rate law and derive rate equations for simple and complex reactions and understanding of theories of reaction rates.		
		CO6	Understand different types of catalysts and mechanism of enzyme catalysis.		
		CO7	Perform potentiometric titrations using appropriate electrodes for quantitative analysis.		
		CO8	Set up experiments to study the kinetics of simple reactions.		
DSE2 (FOR HONOURS): GREEN CHEMISTRY IN ORGANIC SYNTHESIS					
2173012008	Green Chemistry in Organic Synthesis	CO1	List the twelve principles of green chemistry and build the basic understanding of toxicity, hazard and risk related to chemical substances		
		CO2	Calculate atom economy, E-factor and relate them in all organic synthesis		
			State the uses of catalyst over stoichiometric reagents.		
		CO4	Debate and use green solvents, renewable feedstock, and renewable energy sources for carrying out safer chemistry		
		CO5	Use green chemistry for problem solving, innovation and finding solutions to environmental problems.		
		CO6	Design safer processes, chemicals, and products through understanding of inherently safer design (ISD)		
		CO7	Discuss the success stories and use real- world cases to practice green chemistry.		

#### GE 4 (FOR HONOURS): MOLECULES OF LIFE

2174001206	Molecules of	CO1	Learn and demonstrate how the structure of		
	Life		biomolecules determines their chemical		
			properties, reactivity and biological uses.		
		CO2	Gain an insight into the mechanism of		
			enzyme action and inhibition.		
		CO3	Understand the basic principles of drug-		
			receptor interaction and SAR.		

	SEMESTER IV: COPO MAPPING						
Papers	Program Outcome : PO						
	Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	
	Outcome:						
	<u> </u>						
DSC10	C01	•					
	CO2	V			/		
		/			V		
	CO4	V					
	C05				/	V	
	C00				~		
		~					
DSC11	C02				<u></u>		
2.0011	CO3				$\checkmark$		
DSC12	CO1	$\checkmark$					
	CO2					$\checkmark$	
	CO3	$\checkmark$					
	CO4				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
	CO5	$\checkmark$					
	CO6	$\checkmark$					
	CO7		$\checkmark$				
	CO8		$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$		
DSE2	CO1	$\checkmark$					
	CO2					$\checkmark$	
	CO3	$\checkmark$					
	CO4				$\checkmark$		
	CO5				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
	CO6	$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$		
	CO7			$\checkmark$			
	CO1	$\checkmark$					
GE4	CO2	$\checkmark$					
Ē	CO3	$\checkmark$					